1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trade name</th>
<th>PETOL S 38-3B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical description</td>
<td>Polyoxyalkylene block copolymer base on glycerin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS no.</td>
<td>9082-00-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REACH Registration number</td>
<td>Exempted from registration according to the provision of Article 2(9) of REACH.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular weight</td>
<td>4500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Petol S 38-3B is a reactive heteropolymer triol, which is used for the manufacture of soft and hypersoft flexible slabstock foams, as a cell opening additive for high resilience foams and other applications.

Uses advised against: There are no uses advised against.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>S.C. OLTCHIM S.A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address</td>
<td>1 Uzinei Street, 240050 Ramnicu Valcea, Romania</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone N°</td>
<td>+40 250 701 785</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+40 250 701 200 ext.2785, 3001, 3115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX N°</td>
<td>+40 250 739 760; +40 250 735 030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-mail of competent person responsible for SDS in the MS or in the EU:</td>
<td><a href="mailto:tehnic@oltchim.com">tehnic@oltchim.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.4. Emergency telephone number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>European Emergency N°:</th>
<th>112</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Emergency telephone at the company:</td>
<td>+40/250/738141- available 24h/day/365days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For Romania- The institution responsible with providing information in case of a health emergency is The National Institute for Public Health, Department for the International Sanitary Regulation and Toxicological Information.</td>
<td>Telephone: 021.318.36.06, Opening hours: Monday - Friday from 8 a.m. to 3 p.m.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substances or the mixture
2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
Petol S 38-3B is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

2.2. Label elements
Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word: No signal word

No label according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008.

2.3 Other hazard: No other hazards identified.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identification name</th>
<th>CAS no</th>
<th>Weight % (w/w) content</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petol S 38-3B</td>
<td>9082-00-2</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Impurities
No impurities relevant for classification and labeling.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General Advice: Viscous liquid with no significant immediate hazards for emergency response are known.

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General Advice: If exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a Poison Center or doctor/physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Following inhalation: Due to low vapor pressure, this product is not likely to be inhaled when handled at room temperature. When material is heated and/or if a fine mist is being generated, local
ventilation and respiratory protection may be required. In this case symptoms may include cough and sometimes slight dizziness. Remove the affected person to fresh air. If any ill effects appear get medical attention immediately.

**Following skin contact:** Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash skin with soap and plenty of water immediately at least 15-20 minutes, until no evidence of chemical remains.

**Following eye contact:** Wash eyes immediately with large amounts of lukewarm water or normal saline, occasionally lifting upper and lower lids, until no evidence of chemical remains at least 15-20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately if pain, blinking, tears or redness develops.

**Following ingestion:** Polyether polyol have low to very low oral toxicity. Swallowing small amount of this product is not likely to cause injury. If ingested, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do by medical personnel. Get medical attention.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

**By skin contact:** Skin contact with the product is not like to result in a significant irritation.

**By eye contact:** Contact with eyes cause slight temporary irritation.

**By inhalation:** Due to low vapor pressure at room temperature, Petol polyols alone are not likely to be inhaled.

**4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

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**5. FIRE - FIGHTING MEASURES**

**5.1 Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam and water spray. Do not use direct water stream as it may spread the fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** None

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Exposure hazards:** Petol polyol have a low vapours pressure and a flash point above 200°C and consequently are not considered to have a serious fire hazard. However, due the fact that it is an organic material, this polyol will burn under the right conditions of heat and oxygen supply or in presence of an existing fire. Heat from fire can generate hazardous vapors. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing water to protect personnel and minimize damage.
5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protection of the fire-fighters: Firefighters should be equipped with protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes.

Other information: In case of fire, keep unnecessary personnel away. Isolate the fire area. Use cold water spray to cool fire-exposed containers to minimize the risk of rupture. Do not use direct water stream because may spread fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: No special protection. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Spills may cause very slippery surfaces. Spread granular cover. Remove sources of ignition and surrounding the affected area.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: In case of a spill, prevent contamination of soil, ground and surface water by isolating the hazard area. At ambient temperature, polyols are in fact nonvolatile, making evaporation to the atmosphere unlikely. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Keep closed containers and dispose according to all applicable federal, state or local environment regulations.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods of cleaning up: Remove all ignition sources. Notify fire and environmental authorities.

Minor Spills (< 1 drum): Absorb spills with dry sand, earth or similar non-combustible absorbent material then collect into drums for later disposal.

Large and Major Spills (>1 drum): When large spills occur, the polyol should be contained by creating ditches or dikes with absorbent material, then transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck into containers, for recovery or safe disposal. Flush area with plenty of water. Waste water will be send to the WWTP. Incinerate or bury in a licensed facility if permitted.

Special precautions: Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! Slippery walking! Spread granular cover!

6.4 Reference to other sections

Additional advice: Refer to section 8, 13.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Handling:** No special measures required. It is not considered a hazardous material in most industrial operations. Sources of ignition such as smoking and open flames are prohibited where this compound is handled. Petol S 38-3B is a hygroscopic product, thus handling should be realized in closed systems, under nitrogen blanked or using other appropriate systems in order to prevent any moisture contact.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene:** Avoid contact with skin and eyes. General occupational hygiene measures are required to ensure safe handling of the substance. These measures involve good personal and housekeeping practices (i.e. regular cleaning with suitable cleaning devices), no drinking, eating and smoking at the workplace. Shower and change clothes at end of work shift. Do not wear contaminated clothing at home.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage:** Store in tightly closed containers, in dry and well ventilated areas, away from UV radiation. Storage temperature between 20-30°C. Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3 high. Prevent any moisture contamination as product is hygroscopic. This may affect reactivity, appearance and performance. Therefore, keep drums tightly closed to prevent contamination. Use dry nitrogen or low dew point air for tank padding.

**Incompatible substances:** Avoid contact with strong acids, alkalis and oxidizers (like peroxides and hypochlorite salts), water. Avoid unintended contact with isocyanates.

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with copper, copper alloys and zinc.

**Recommended storage&transport material:** Glycerol propoxylated can be shipped and stored in stainless steel tanks, steel drums lined inside, IBC Polyethylene (HDPE) tanks. Mild steel free of mild-scale or rust and maintained in a rust-free condition can also use. Hoses should be of polypropylene, stainless steel or wire bound canvas.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Please check Section 1.2.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters
8.1.1. Occupational Exposure limit values
Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), 8 h TWA: Not established
8.2. Exposure control

8.2.1. Engineering controls: No special ventilation is recommended under anticipated conditions of normal use beyond that needed for normal comfort control. Good general ventilation should be sufficient for most conditions.

8.2.2. Personal Protection Equipment

Eye / Face protection: Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Equipment for eye protection should be tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

Skin protection: Not normally considered a skin hazard. Wear impervious protective clothing including boots, apron, if needed. Wash hands and other exposed area with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking and when leaving work.

Hand protection: Handle with gloves which were inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of the standard EN 374 derived from it. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials:
- Butyl rubber
- Nitrile/butadiene rubber
- Polyvinyl alcohol (“PVA”)
- Neoprene:
- Polyvinyl chloride (PVC or “vynil”)
- Natural rubber (“latex”)

For prolonged or frequently repeated contact a glove with a protection class of 4 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 120 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 1 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 10 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.

NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Respiratory protection: No special respirator protection is recommended under anticipated conditions of normal use with adequate ventilation. However, if material is heated or sprayed, without sufficient ventilation use an approved air-purifying respirator.
Organic vapor respirator with a particulate pre-filter may be worn if vapors are detected or irritating.
For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

**Other precautions:** Maintain shower, eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### General information
- **Appearance:** Viscous liquid
- **Odor:** Odourless

#### Important health, safety and environmental information
- **Boiling point:** Decomposes.
- **Flash point, min:** 220°C
- **Flammability:** Not flammable
- **Explosive properties:** Non explosive
- **Oxidizing properties:** No oxidizing properties
- **Vapor pressure, Pa at 25 °C:** N/A
- **Solubility in water:** Very slight to slight
- **Specific gravity, at 25°C:** 1.08, g/cm³
- **Partition coefficient (log K_{ow}):** N/A
- **Vapor relative density (air=1):** N/A
- **Dynamic viscosity, at 25°C:** 1050-1250 cP

#### Other informations
- **Melting point:** N/A
- **Autoignition temperature:** N/A

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1. Reactivity
- **Reactive tri-functional polyether Polyol.**

#### 10.2 Chemical stability
- **Stable under normal recommended storage conditions.** Hygroscopic (attract water from atmosphere and environment). Contact with diisocyanates leads to an exothermically polymerization reaction.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid
- **Moisture, ignition sources and incompatibles, UV radiation.**
10.5. **Incompatible materials**: Avoid contact with strong acids, alkalis and oxidizers such as peroxides and hypochlorite salts, water. Avoid unintended contact with isocyanates.

10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products**: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and aliphatic fragments.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Conclusion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute toxicity</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral: $LD_{50}$ (rat-male/female) $&gt;2000$ mg/l/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal: $LD_{50}$ (rabbit-male-female) $&gt;1$ g/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation: $LC_{50}$ (rat-male/female) $&gt;5$ g/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Irritation/Corrosion</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye: May cause slight irritation, but not corneal damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin: Contact with the product May cause mild irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation: At room temperature, exposure to vapors is minimal due to low volatility. May cause slight respiratory irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sensitisation</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This product is not a sensitizer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Repeated dose toxicity</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not available data. Repeated or prolonged is not known to aggravate medical condition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mutagenicity</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genetic toxicity: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Carcinogenicity</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product is of no concern with regard to carcinogenicity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity for reproduction</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product is not toxic for reproduction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1. Ecological Information

12.1. **Toxicity**: This polyol is not expected to present a hazard to aquatic organism ($LC_{50}/EC_{50} > 700$ mg/L for the most sensitive species tested)

**Mobility**: This product are nonvolatile and water soluble, so environmental releases would tend to migrate toward or remain in water. They would not persist in the environment and would be removed by biological wastewater-treatment facilities.

**Persistence and degradability**: Material is expected to degrade in the environment.

**Bioaccumulative potential**: It is not expected to have a bioaccumulative potential.
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

This section contains generic advice and guidance.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

13.1.1 Product

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.

Waste Code: No waste key number as per the European Waste Types List can be assigned to this product, since such classification is based on the (as yet undetermined) use to which the product is put by the consumer.

13.1.2. Packaging

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Do not heat or cut container with electric or gas torch.

Relevant European legislation regarding waste:
14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR: Petol S 38-3B is not regulated by ADR.

RID: Petol S 38-3B is not regulated by RID.

Maritime transport IMDG: Petol S 38-3B is not regulated by IMDG.

Air transport ICAO/IATA: Petol S 38-3B is not regulated by IATA.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant information regarding the European legislation
European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)
Regulation referring to the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID
International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

Authorization: Petol S 38-3B is not subject to authorisation procedure.

Restrictions on use: no restriction

Other EU regulations: Petol S 38-3B is not subject to:
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer
Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants
Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals
15.2 Chemical safety Assessment

An exposure assessment is not required as Petol S 38-3B is a polymer and is not classified and labeled as hazardous material according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Data are based on our latest knowledge but do not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and do not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

16.1. Abbreviation and acronyms (NOT ALL ARE USED IN THIS SDS)

AC Article category
ADR European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
BSAF Bio soil accumulation factor
BCF Bio concentration factor
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP Classification, labelling and packaging
CMR Carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic for reproduction
CSA/CSR Chemical safety assessment / Chemical safety report
DNEL Derived no effect level
EC10 Concentration of a substance where 10% of the population is affected
EC50 Concentration of a substance where 50% of the population is affected
ECHA European chemicals agency
EINECS EU list of existing chemical substances
EmS Emergency schedule
ERC Environmental release category
ES Exposure scenario
eSDS Extended safety data sheet
GHS Globally harmonised system
IATA-DGR International air transport association - dangerous goods regulations
ICAO Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air
IU Identified use
IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
IBC code International code for the construction and equipment of ships carrying dangerous chemicals in bulk
IMDG International maritime dangerous goods
KP Partition coefficient
LC10 Lethal concentration of a substance that can be expected to cause death in 10% of the population
LC50 Lethal concentration of a substance that can be expected to cause death in 50% of the population
LD50 Lethal dose of a substance that can be expected to cause death in 50% of the population
NO(A)EC No observed (adverse) effect concentration
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Prepared in accordance with Commission regulation (EU) 830/2015
amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH)
PETOL S 38-3B

Revision: 4  Last up date: September 15, 2016  Issued date: October 11, 2013  page 12 /12

NO(A)EL No observed (adverse) effect level
OECD Organisation for economic co-operation and development
OEL Occupational exposure limit
PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic
PC Product category
PNEC Predicted no-effect concentration
PROC Process category
REACH Registration, evaluation, authorisation and restriction of chemicals (i.e. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006)
RID International rule for transport of dangerous substances by railway
SDS Safety data sheet
STOT Specific target organ toxicant
STP Sewage treatment plant
SU Sector of end use
TWA Time weighted average
vPvB Very persistent, very bioaccumulative

16.2. Key literature references
The information provided in this SDS is consistent with the information provided in the literature data. See also:
http://chelist.jrc.ec.europa.eu
http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/index.html:
http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en

16.3. Revision: Revision 4 replaced revision no.3 dated November 23, 2015.

All chapters of this safety data sheet have been revised according to the provision of:

Disclaimer:

Oltchim provides the information contained herein in good faith but makes no representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this product. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose. Furthermore, this safety data sheet is made up based on the legal requirements as set by EC 1907/2006 (REACH) and EC Regulation 830/2015.

This information only concerns the above mentioned product and does not need to be valid if used with other product(s) or in any process. The information is to our best present knowledge correct and complete and is given in good faith but without warranty. It remains the user’s own responsibility to make sure that the information is appropriate and complete for his special use of this product.
Code: FDS 011